

PRODUCT CATALOGUE **2024**



Since our inception, Quandela has been committed to harnessing the power of quantum mechanics to develop cutting-edge solutions that address some of the most pressing challenges faced by businesses today. From single photon sources to quantum computing, our diverse portfolio of products and services embodies our dedication to pushing the limits of quantum technology.

In this brochure, you will discover how Quandela's expertise and innovation can propel your organization forward, enabling you to unlock new possibilities and stay ahead in today's fast-paced digital landscape. From enhancing data security and optimizing computational capabilities to revolutionizing medical imaging and environmental monitoring, the potential applications of quantum technology are limitless, and Quandela is here to lead the way.

As we continue to pioneer quantum solutions, we invite you to join us on this journey of exploration and discovery. Together, let us shape the future of technology and usher in a new era of innovation.

Thank you for choosing Quandela as your partner in quantum excellence.

Niccolo Somaschi CEO, Quandela



Photons at the heart of Quantum Transformation

Established in 2017 by Prof. Pascale Senellart, Niccolo Somaschi, and Valérian Giesz, Quandela pioneers a groundbreaking synergy between photonics and quantum technologies. Our innovative work centers around the development of eDelight, a cutting-edge solid-state singlephoton source that effectively eliminates all remaining barriers to the scalable manipulation of single photons.

Over the past years, we have harnessed our collective expertise to craft highly performant modules tailored for the emission, manipulation, and detection of single photons. These modules serve the research community and contribute to the advancement of quantum computing.

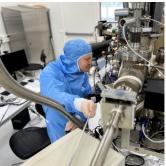
At Quandela, we firmly believe in the transformative potential of photonics at the quantum level. Our commitment to pushing the boundaries of technology underscores our mission to propel the development of quantum technologies into new realms of possibility.

Pascale, Niccolo and Valérian Founders of Quandela











MosaiQ The first datacenter-ready quantum

Prometheus The leading standalone quantum

eDelight Efficient generation of pure singl

Q-DMX Transparent & active time-to-spa

Quandela Clo A cutting-edge platform tailored t

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n-dot based single-photon sourc	ce
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MosaiQ

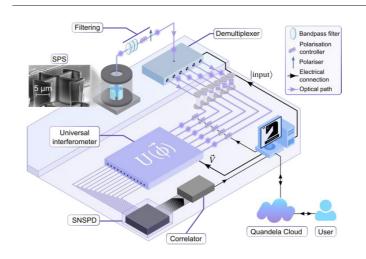
The first datacenter-ready quantum computer



The setup of the proposed photonic quantum computer is based on the schematic of Ascella (Figure 1) Quandela's 6-qubit quantum computer.

This 6-qubit platform is fully described in www.arxiv. org/abs/2306.00874 (in press at Nature Photonics, also submitted as additional document).

Ascella operates in Quandela's facilities, and it is accessible via Quandela's proprietary cloud since November 2022 (www.cloud.quandela.com).



Rack system

The Mosaig system, from a MosaiQ-6 to MosaiQ-12 is composed of the following components





Laser box for electronical and primary laser



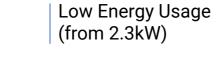
Cryostat chamber including the

(↓)

KVM

pigtailed single

photon source



Shaping module

| Fully modular

Pump \bigcirc



*

Air-cooled helium compressor module

Fully Upgradable

Short lead-time

(8 to 10 months)

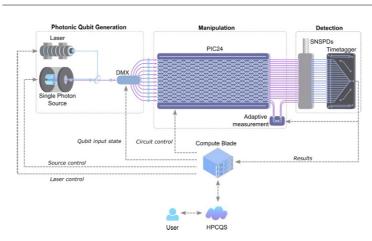


Figure 1 Schematic of the "Ascella" 6-qubit photonic quantum computer launched in Nov 2022 on Quandela Cloud (www.cloud.guandela.com) Architecture of Ascella presented in Nature Photonics paper as supplementary pdf document.

Figure 2	It depicts the schematic of MOSAIQ-12, based on the general architecture of AscellaQPU, and adapted for 12-qubits by modifying and adding:
	 The universal chip has 24 modes to allow the manipulation of 12 photonic qubits
	 Photon detection will integrate Pseudo-PNR detectors (see Photon detection below)
	 An adaptative measurement

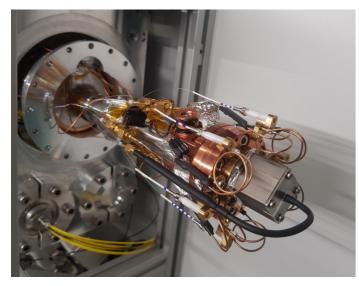
module is integrated to allow proof of concept MBQC implementation

Cryogenic system, pigtail eDelight device & SNSPDs

The eDelight (or single-photon source) device is installed in a compact cryostat. Both the cryostat chamber and the compressor are integrated in MosaiQ systems.

The cryostat is a standard which reaches 3K via a closed cycle of compression and expansion of helium gas. The air-cooled compressor is now compact and fit in a rack self. To ensure the mandatory temperature cycle after each 3 months at cryogenic temperature, the system also includes a vacuum pump.

The single-photons detectors are SNSPDs. In a MosaiQ-6 system they are all integrated in the same cryostat chamber as the eDelight device, while they are dispatched in two cryostat chambers in a MosaiQ-12. The eDelight device is cover by a shield so that the excitation laser does not saturate the single-photon detectors.



Patented Technology: Patent n° US11867957 delivered on January, 9th 2024, PCT/FR2022/050805

Opto-electronic systems

Laser shaping

To efficiently excite the eDelight device and emit the singlephotons, MosaiQ systems integrate a pulsed laser and a laser shaper. The laser parameters, such as the central wavelength or the pulse duration, are perfectly controlled and monitored by the system.

QFDMX-n module

MosaiQ systems also include an opto-electronic system which allows for both filtering out the reflected laser and efficiently collecting the emitted single photons. These systems also allow to send the stream of single-photon into n-channels. Quandela proposes up to 12 channels. The fibre delays ensure a synchronisation of the single photons from each channel.

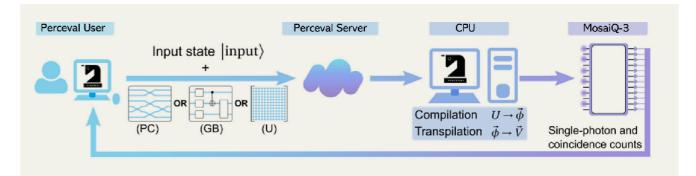
Photonic chip with m modes

MosaiQ systems integrate a photonic chip with m modes. Directly placed after the QFDMXs and before the SNSPDs, this is the quantum processor of the QPU. Composed of waveguides, the single-photon paths are modifiable by changing phase shifters linked to local resistors. These changes depend on the implemented job/ calculation.

Software

The MosaiQ system^{*} is fully automatised and is a stand alone product. A blade controls all the devices. Measurement points enable to stabilised or maximised some metrics so that the system is always optimised.

The user has access to the QPU via a personal version of the Quandela Cloud. Thanks to Perceval, they can implement any job compatible with their n-qubits m-modes QPU:



Access to Quandela Cloud

Build hybrid architecture and get access to high-availability QPU and GPU-accelerated simulators. Benefit from packaged quantum primitives through Quandela Quantum Toolbox.

Implement shot-based billing though different offering for small experiments up to mission-critical enterprise access.

Integrate Token-Based REST API with multi-language SDK for integration in Business applications.

Register at cloud.quandela.com



SPECIFICATIONS / REQUIREMENTS

Space for a rack cabinet	80 (w) x 100 (d) x 180 (h) cm3	Number of Qubits
Weight	>300kg on four wheels per unit	Physical circuit d
Electrical connection	230V ±10V compatible with CEE 7/3, CEE 7/4 or CEE 7/5	T-gate (1-Qubit ga
For the system and eDelight device security	y an electrical connection to a power inverter is necessary	
Temperature	between 10°C and 30°C, with a daily peak-to-peak fluctuations amplitude of less than ±3°C	CNOT gate (2-Qu
Relative humidity	below 55%, with a daily peak-to-peak fluctuations amplitude of less than ±15%	Toffoli gate (3-Qu
Must be isolated from vibration.		Heralded GHZ sta
Must be free from electromagnetic disrupti	on and electrostatic discharge.	Q-score
Indoor use only		Average service I

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Number of Qubits		6, 10 or 12 and more to come
Physical circuit depth		12 Qubit, 12
T-gate (1-Qubit gate)	Corrected fidelity	99,6 ± 0,1%
	End-to-end fidelity	99,6 ± 0,1%
CNOT gate (2-Qubit gate)	Corrected fidelity	99,0 ± 0,8%
	End-to-end fidelity	93,8 ± 0,6%
Toffoli gate (3-Qubit gate)	Corrected fidelity	90,0 ± 1,4%
	End-to-end fidelity	86 ± 1,2%
Heralded GHZ state	Fidelity	82 ± 4%
Q-score		6
Average service level agreement for hardware support		1 week

PROMETHEUS

The leading standalone quantum-dot based single-photon source



Cryostat, pulsed laser, solid-state single photon sources and active demultiplexer

ALL IN ONE SYSTEM

Optical Quantum technologies require long streams of identical single photons produced in a stable and robust manner.

The revolutionary concept and design of Prometheus' standalone single-photon source makes it the optimal solution for providing a high rate of single and indistinguishable photons for demanding quantum applications.

It consists of an all-in-one device that provides a stable stream of photons with a record brightness thanks to our proprietary technology.

Hence, with Prometheus, engineers and researchers can now focus their efforts on their ideas for the design of new experiments based on the manipulation of a large number of optical quantum bits.

Modular Design Ready for largephoton number applications



An optical laboratory in one reliable and vertical device

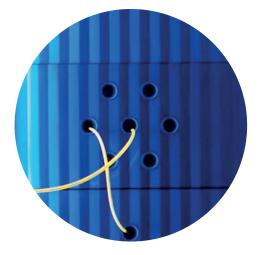
After years of research and innovation, Prometheus is the only standalone device for the emission and the detection of single photons at record rates.

Inside Prometheus:

- A Helium closed cycle cryostat with air-cooled compressor (water cooling possible) integrating eDelight single photon sources and SNSPDs detectors (optional);
- A 80-MHz pulsed laser used for the optical excitation of the source
- Optical and electronical modules for the use of the source and detectors
- Optional Active Demultiplexer Q-DMX (from 6 to 12 outputs)
- Vacuum Turbo Pump
- · Main Computer with user-friendly control software

Applications:

Use of multiple single photons at the input of programmable interferometers. Photonic Integrated Circuits can be provided.



All the modules are interconnected via optical fibers, which provides a modularity and upgradability.

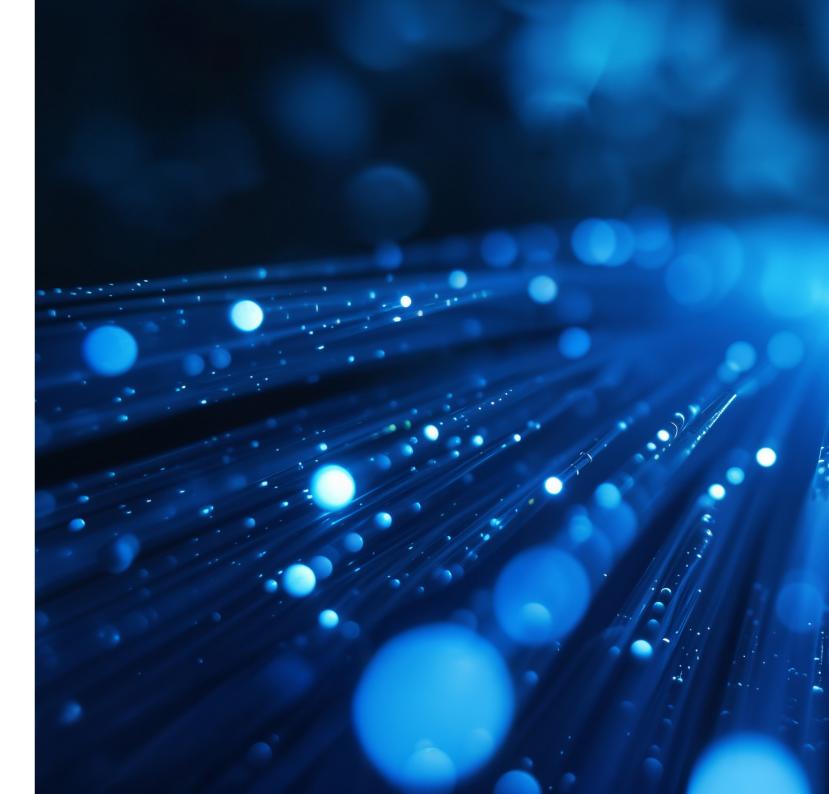
Thus, the performance of the device can be upgraded, which will never be obsolete.

SPECIFICATIONS / REQUIREMENTS

Proprietary fabrication process and design, fully deterministic: a selected quantum dot coupled to the optical cavity mode.
925nm (+/- 5nm) 780nm (+/- 5nm) Telecom wavelengths (1550nm) single photons available via a Frequency Conversion Module (optional)
All the photons have the same polarization
From 17% to 26% ¹
> 20 M photons per second
Typically 2%, < 3% guaranteed ¹
Typically 94%, > 92% guaranteed ²
1.2 (+/- 0.4) GHz , < 150 (+/- 50) picoseconds Fourier-transform-limited" emission
hours for the pumping and cooling to 4K
All-in-one fully automated software on the integrated computer
220V ; < 3kW For Air-cooled compressor
185 (h) x 108 (w) x 76 (d)

Depending on the chosen performance by the customer, typical brightness is higher than the minimal guaranteed brightness
 Second order correlation measured" via Hanbury Brown-Twiss interferometer

Please note that these specifications are subject to change without any prior notice.

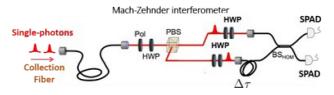


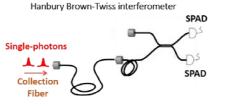


About semiconductor quantum dots

eDelight utilizes semiconductor InAs Quantum dots as its primary sourcing elements, demonstrating near-ideal quantum emitter behavior. The precision and efficacy of our quantum dot system are enhanced through a deterministic coupling mechanism, where selected quantum dots are deterministically coupled with an optical cavity in the form of a micropillar.

The micropillar's structure is crafted from doped semiconductors, enabling the application of a DC-voltage for fine-tuning the quantum dot transition. This meticulous adjustment results in a precise spectral matching of the emitted photon, achieved by orchestrating the recombination of charges within the quantum dot with the optical mode of the cavity. The integration of these advanced technologies ensures optimal control over individual quantum dots and enhances the collection of emitted photons, establishing eDelight as a pioneering solution in quantum emitter technology.





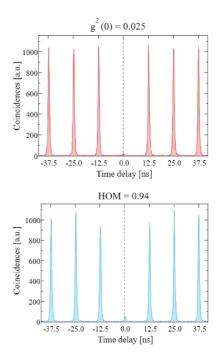
READ MORE:

P. Senellart et al., High-Performance Semiconductor Quantum-Dot Single-Photon Sources, Nature

Nanotechnology 12 (2017)

N. Somaschi et al. Near-Optimal Single-Photon Sources in the Solid State, Nature Photonics 10 (2016)

High brightness with low multiple photon emission and high photon indistinguishability



Patented fiber coupled integration of eDelight in cryostats

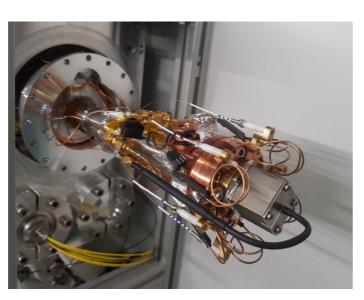
Since eDelight sources must be cooled down at a temperature below 6 Kelvin (K) to emit highly indistinguishable photons, Quandela has developed a unique method for the pigtail of one source with one single-mode fiber in order to facilitate the integration in standard Helium closed cycle cryocoolers.

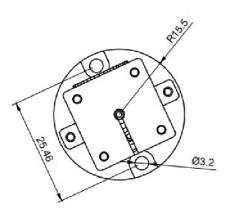
In one fabricated chip, around twenty (20) pillars (all of them integrating one quantum dot) are fabricated and the brightest source is then selected to be coupled to a singlemode fiber (whose core diameter is around 2 micrometers). The same fiber is used for the optical excitation and for the collection of generated photons.

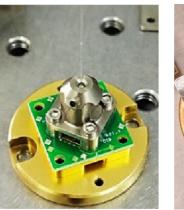
One source is coupled to one fiber.

The pigtailed source can then be integrated with other devices as Superconducting Nanowire Single-Photon Detectors (SNSPDs) in the same cryostat chamber.

Contact us to check the compatibility of your existing system









Patented Technology : Patent n° US11867957 delivered on January 9th2024. PCT/FR2022/050805

SPECIFICATIONS / REQUIREMENTS

Technology	P de ca
Single-photon emission wavelengths	9: (1 C
Photon Polarization	A
Minimal Guaranteed Fibered Brightness (photon presence per pulse probability)	Fi
Typical Single-photon generation rate at an excitation clock rate of 80MHz	>
Single-photon purity : g ⁽²⁾ (0)	Т
Indistinguishability	Т
Single-photon bandwidth – emitter lifetime	1 tr
Required laser pulse energy	a to
Required operating temperature	<
Required Temperature stability	T.
Pigtailed Device Dimensions	Н

Depending on the chosen performance by the customer, typical brightness is higher than the minimal guaranteed brightness

2 Second order correlation measured" via Hanbury Brown-Twiss interferometer

3 Photon indistinguishability between successively emitted photons measured by "Hong-Ou-Mandel" interference measurements

Please note that these specifications are subject to change without any prior notice.

SOME PUBLICATIONS FROM OUR CUSTOMERS	B. Polacchi et al., Quantum teleportation of a genuine
IN 2023	vacuum-one-photon qubit
	generated via a quantum dot source, arxiv:2310,20521 (2023)

Proprietary fabrication process and design, fully deterministic: a selected quantum dot coupled to the optical cavity mode.

925nm (+/- 5nm) 780nm (+/- 5nm) Telecom wavelengths 1550nm) single photons available via a Frequency Conversion Module (optional)

All the photons have the same polarization

From 17% to 26%¹

20 M photons per second

Typically 2%, < 3% guaranteed ²

Typically 94%, > 92% guaranteed³

1.2 (+/- 0.4) GHz , < 150 (+/- 50) picoseconds "Fourierransform-limited" emission

about 10-13 J (per excitation pulse) – See Prometheus pages to see the laser options

6 Kelvin

stability: < 50 mK

Height: 5cm – Diameter of the round plate: 3.1cm

M. Valeri et al., Generation and characterization of polarizationentangled states using quantum dot single-photon sources, arxiv:2308,02422 (2023)

H. Cao et al., A Photonic Source of Heralded GHZ states, arxiv:2308.05709 (2023)

Q-DMX

The first active time-to-space demultiplexer for multiphoton applications.

It combines optics and electronics in a compact module. Now available for 6 photons and up to 12 photons adapted to interface eDelight & Prometheus with integrated circuits.

Compact, fast and highly transmittive for single photon demultiplexing

One fibered

Up to 12 fibered outputs

Controlled by a software



SPECIFICATIONS / REQUIREMENTS

Number of Fibered Outputs	Fr
Operation Wavelength	92 78
Guaranteed Channel Transmission (measured in a single- mode 780HP fiber)	70
Rise Time	Т
Tunability of the plateau Time	Y
Activation/Deactivation of outputs	Ye
Physical dimensions (cm)	1
Weight	0 El
Electrical connections	1(

PLEASE NOTE:

For the installation of the fiber delay loops necessary to synchronize the outputs, please contact us.

From the reported metrics it's possible to calculate the *N* (no of outputs) -photon coincidence rate at the output of the Q-DMX.

From the values we can extract at first the "Filling factor":

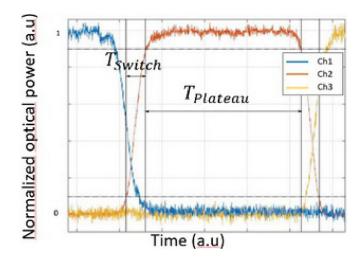
$$FF = T_{plateau} / (T_{switch} + T_{plateau})$$

From which one can calculate the final rate of *N* coincidences at the output

$$C_N = rep.rate * FF * \frac{(\eta * Brightness)^N}{N}$$

(rep. rate represents the clock rate of the driving excitation laser and brightness identifies the eDelight device efficiency – previous pages).

From 6 to 12
920-930 nm (identical as eDelight & Prometheus) 780 nm
70%, typical transmission: 75%
۲ switch ~ 50 ns
/es, via the software
(es, via the software
15 (h) x 49 (w), 47 (d)
Dptics: ~ 17 kg Electronics: ~4kg
100V/120V/230 V, 50 Hz

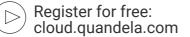


Quandela cloud 2.0



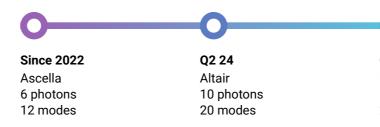
Fulfill your quantum ambitions with a cutting-edge platform tailored to your needs.

> Initially launched in January 2023, and now comprised of hundreds of corporate users, Quandela Cloud is a comprehensive platform to discover, learn, test and develop quantum solutions. It gives access to the most advanced quantum servers available at Quandela, easy to use software for generating and manipulating quantum circuits, as well as middleware for executing hybrid quantum-classical workflows in heterogeneous computing environments.





Available quantum computers on Quandela cloud



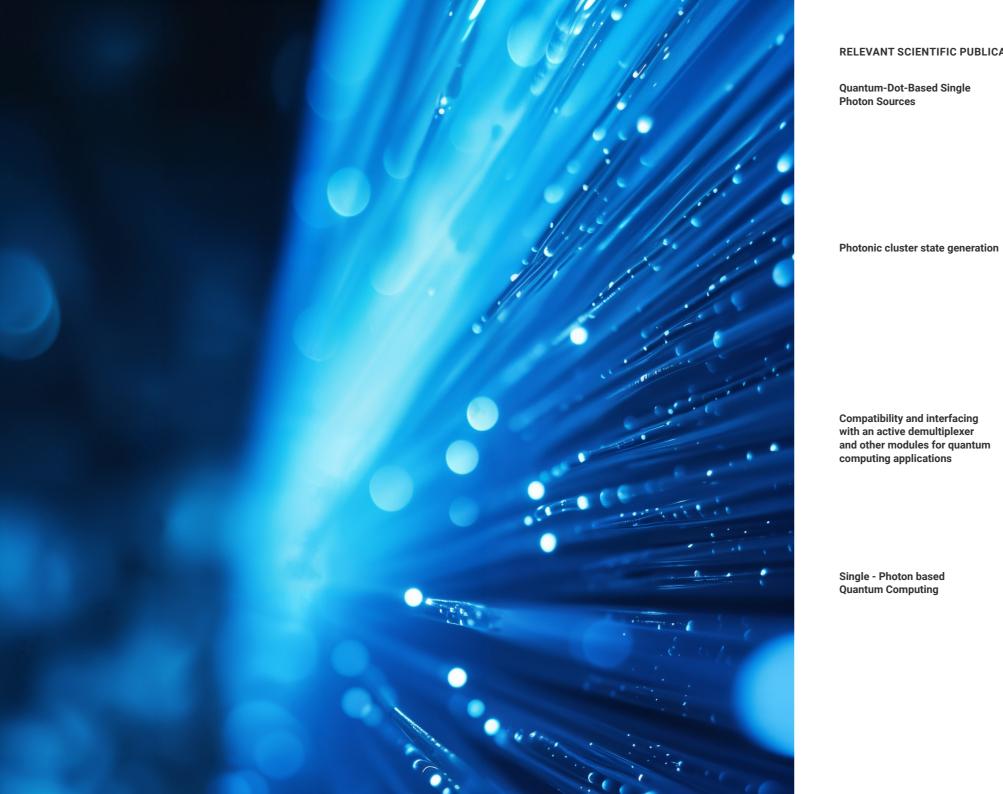
- Full access to highavailability QPU and GPUenhanced emulations
- Quantum toolbox: Packaged primitives tailored for specific applications such as Variational Quantum Eigensolver (VQE) and graph analysis
- New application-centered SDKs and APIs aimed at facilitating seamless integration into cloud system dataflow
- Flexible pricing options for small experiments up to mission-critical enterprise access

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Watch our tutorial videos on YouTube: www.youtube/@quandela2110



Q4 24 Belenos 12 photons 24 modes



RELEVANT SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS:

Quantum-Dot-Based Single Photon Sources

P. Senellart et al., High-Performance Semiconductor Quantum-Dot Single-Photon Sources, Nature Nanotechnology 12 (2017)

N. Somaschi et al. 'Near-optimal single-photon sources in the solid state', Nature Photonics 10, 340 (2016)

S. Wein et al. Photon-number entanglement generated by sequential excitation of a twolevel atom, Nature Photonics 16, 374 (2022)

N. Coste et al. High-rate entanglement between a semiconductor spin and indistinguishable photons, Nature Photonics 17, 582-587 (2023)

Anton et al., 'Interfacing scalable photonic platforms: solid-state based multi-photon interference in a reconfigurable glass chip', Optica6 (2019)

D. Istrati et al. 'Sequential generation of linear cluster states from a single photon emitter', Nature Comm. 11, 5501 (2020)

Single - Photon based Quantum Computing

N. Maring et al. A General-Purpose single-photon based Quantum Computing Platform, arXiv:2306,00874 (2023) -Accepted for publication in Nature Photonics

N. Maring et al. One nine availability of a Photonic Quantum Computer on the Cloud toward HPC Integration, arXiv:2308,14582 (2023)

S. Thomas et al. 'Bright Polarized Single-Photon Source Based on a Linear Dipole' Phys. Rev. Lett. 126, 233601 (2021)

M. Pont et al. Quantifying n-Photon Indistinguishability with a Cyclic Integrated Interferometer, Phys Rev X12.031033 (2022)

M. Pont et al. 'High-fidelity generation of four-photon GHZ states on-chip', arXiv:2211.15626 (2022)

N. Heurtel et al. Perceval: A Software Platform for Discrete Variable Photonic Quantum Computing, Quantum 7, 931 (2023)



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